

“Where We Feed On Eels”

The American eel is the only fish that spends its adult life in the Susquehanna River and returns to the sea to spawn and die. American eels spawn in a region of the Atlantic Ocean near Bermuda known as the Sargasso Sea. Young eels eventually work their way back to freshwater bodies like the Susquehanna River.

The American eel was an important food for Native Americans. They called this area “Swatara” meaning, “where we feed on eels.” Native Americans fished for eels in the fall using V-shaped stone walls or “weirs” that were built in the river to trap eels migrating downstream.



The crest of Swatara Township contains the symbol of an American eel on its shield—an indication that eel fishing was an important industry to the region.

Courtesy Swatara Township

The highlighted area of the Atlantic Ocean is known as the “Sargasso Sea.” After spending their entire lives in fresh water bodies such as the Susquehanna River, the American eel returns to the Sargasso Sea to spawn and die.

Courtesy Lancaster County Planning Commission



www.baygateways.net



Original art by Duane Raver, courtesy U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service.



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Susquehanna River Water Trail

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Eel weir, Delaware River. Photo extracted from September 1964 PA Angler magazine.

Courtesy Pennsylvania Fish & Boat Commission

